

RULES AND REGULATIONS  
OF THE  
PORTERVILLE IRRIGATION DISTRICT  
GROUNDWATER SUSTAINABILITY  
AGENCY

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Porterville Irrigation  
District GSA

Table of Contents

Article I. General ..... 4

    Section 1.01 Purpose ..... 4

    Section 1.02 Authority ..... 4

    Section 1.03 Groundwater Sustainability Plan..... 4

    Section 1.04 Definitions ..... 4

    Section 1.05 Effective Date and Changes ..... 5

    Section 1.06 Actions Against the PID GSA..... 5

    Section 1.07 Rights of Access ..... 5

    Section 1.08 Severability of Provisions ..... 5

Article II. Groundwater Monitoring..... 5

    Section 2.01 Well Registration..... 5

        (a) Registration Requirement ..... 5

        (b) Registration Fee ..... 6

        (c) Change in Owner or Operator..... 6

    Section 2.02 Consumed Groundwater Use Measurement ..... 6

        (a) Criteria for Using Meters..... 7

        (b) Criteria for Using Evapotranspiration Method..... 7

Article III. Groundwater Accounting/Data Management System ..... 7

    Section 3.01 Authority ..... 8

    Section 3.02 Online Water Accounting Database ..... 8

    Section 3.03 Meter Measurement Categories of Water ..... 8

    Section 3.04 Evapotranspiration Categories of Water ..... 8

    Section 3.04 Priority of Use..... 9

    Section 3.05 Net Groundwater Consumptive Use Reporting and Debiting ..... 9

        (a) Amount of New Groundwater Consumptive Use ..... 9

        (b) Appeal Process..... 9

    Section 3.06 Surface Water Reporting..... 10

    Section 3.07 Groundwater Recharge and Banking Reporting ..... 10

Article IV. Allocation of Water ..... 10

    Section 4.01 Purpose..... 10

Section 4.02 Determination of Allocations.....	10
Section 4.03 Sustainable Yield Allocation .....	11
(a) Groundwater Extraction Sustainable Yield Allocation .....	11
(b) Evapotranspiration Sustainable Yield Allocation.....	11
(c) Carryover and Transfers .....	12
(d) Community Lands .....	14
(e) Opt-Out.....	14
(f) Watercourse(s).....	14
(g) Enforcement.....	14
Section 4.05 Land Subsidence Management Area.....	14
(a) Purpose .....	14
(b) Meters .....	15
(c) Management Actions .....	15
To be determined .....	15
(d) Enforcement.....	15
Section 4.06 Community Management Areas.....	15
(a) To be determined .....	15
Section 4.07 Appeal Process.....	15
(a) Notification of Allocations and Extraction Limits .....	15
(b) Protest of Allocations and Extraction Limits.....	15
Section 4.08 Emergency Ordinances .....	16
Article V. Fees & Penalties .....	16
Section 5.01 Penalties.....	16
(a) Penalty for Excess Use .....	16
(b) SGMA Penalties .....	16
(c) Civil Remedies.....	16
Section 5.02 Groundwater Extraction Fees.....	16
Section 5.03 Real Property Assessments .....	17
Section 5.04 Notification and Appeal of Penalties .....	17
(a) Protest of Penalty Determination.....	17

## **Article I. General**

### **Section 1.01 Purpose**

These rules and regulations are established by the Board of Directors of the Porterville Irrigation District Groundwater Sustainability Agency (PID GSA) in order to provide for the sustainable management of groundwater within the PID GSA.

### **Section 1.02 Authority**

Division 6 Conservation, Development and Utilization of State Water Resources Part 2.74, Chapter 5, Section 10725.2 expressly states as follows:

“A groundwater sustainability agency may adopt rules, regulations, ordinances, and resolutions for the purpose of this part, in compliance with any procedural requirements applicable to the adoption of a rule, regulation, ordinance, or resolution by the groundwater sustainability agency.”

### **Section 1.03 Groundwater Sustainability Plan**

Pursuant to Division 6 Conservation, Development and Utilization of State Water Resources Part 2.74, Chapter 5, Section 10725, a groundwater sustainability agency may exercise the powers described in Chapter 5 provided the groundwater sustainability agency adopts and submits a groundwater sustainability plan to the Department of Water Resources. These rules and regulations are designed to implement the provisions of the PID GSA Groundwater Sustainability Plan (GSP), and may be amended at any time if necessary to achieve consistency with the groundwater sustainability plan and steps needed to achieve sustainability.

### **Section 1.04 Definitions**

“De minimis” means a person who extracts, for domestic purposes, two acre-feet or less per year, as defined in SGMA.

“Determination Date” means the date upon which various recommendations are presented to the Board from the Land Subsidence Management and Monitoring Committee regarding land subsidence levels.

“PID GSA” means Porterville Irrigation District Groundwater Sustainability Agency.

“PID GSA GSP” means the PID GSA Groundwater Sustainability Plan required to be developed and submitted to the Department of Water Resources pursuant to Division 6 Conservation, Development and Utilization of State Water Resources Part 2.74, Chapter 5, Section 10727, *et al.*

“PID GSA Technical Group” means the PID GSA’s Consulting Engineer, the Tule Subbasin’s designated Hydrogeologist, and the PID GSA’s designated Agronomist.

“Groundwater Credits” means the carryover of Sustainable Yield as described in Section 4.03(c)(i)(1).

“LSMC” means Land Subsidence Monitoring and Management Committee.

“Operator” means an authorized representative of an owner.

“Owner” means fee title owner of land within the PID GSA boundaries.

“SGMA” means the Sustainable Groundwater Management Act, pursuant to Division 6 Conservation, Development and Utilization of State Water Resources Part 2.74, Chapter 5, Section 10720, *et seq.*

“Water year” means the 12-month period October 1, for any given year through September 30, of the following year. The water year is designated by the calendar year in which it ends and which includes 9 of the 12 months. Thus, the year ending September 30, 1999 is called the "1999" water year.

### **Section 1.05 Effective Date and Changes**

These rules and regulations shall become effective upon adoption and may be added to, amended and/or repealed at any time by resolution of the Board of Directors of the PID GSA and such additions, amendments, and/or repeals shall become effective upon their adoptions or as otherwise specified by the Board of Directors.

### **Section 1.06 Actions Against the PID GSA**

Nothing contained in these rules and regulations shall constitute a waiver by the PID GSA or estop the PID GSA from asserting any defenses or immunities from liability as provided in law, including, but not limited to, those provided in Division 3.6 of Title 1 of the Government Code.

### **Section 1.07 Rights of Access**

The PID GSA staff and/or others authorized by the PID GSA’s General Manager shall notify and request consent from the owner of any land prior to their entry. Any such entry must be for the sole and exclusive purpose of conducting PID GSA business.

### **Section 1.08 Severability of Provisions**

If any provision of these rules and regulations, or the application thereof to any person or circumstance, is held invalid, the remainder of these rules and regulations, and the application of its provisions to other persons or circumstances, shall not be affected thereby.

## **Article II. Groundwater Monitoring**

### **Section 2.01 Well Registration**

#### **(a) Registration Requirement**

Any new groundwater extraction facilities permitted after January 31, 2020, excluding de minimis extractions, shall be registered with the PID GSA within 30 days of the completion of drilling activities. In addition, any owner selecting to use meters to report groundwater use, shall register with the PID GSA. The owner of an extraction facility shall register the extraction facility and provide, in full, the information required to complete the form provided by the PID GSA that includes the following:

- i. Name and address of the operator(s).
- ii. Name and address of the owner(s) of the land upon which the extraction facility is located.
- iii. Well Driller Log and Completion Report. If not available, a description of the equipment associated with the extraction facility, including pump size (horsepower), estimated depth of the well casing and size of the well casing.
- iv. Location, parcel number and state well number of the water extraction facility.

#### **(b) Registration Fee**

An administrative fee shall be paid to the PID GSA, in an amount determined by the PID GSA board of directors, for each groundwater extraction facility registered with the PID GSA to cover the nominal administrative costs of the registration process.

#### **(c) Change in Owner or Operator**

The name of the owner of each extraction facility, the Tulare County Assessor's Parcel Number (APN) on which the facility is located, along with the names of all operators for each registered extraction facility shall be reported to the PID GSA within 60 days upon any change of ownership or operators, together with such other information required by the General Manager.

### **Section 2.02 Consumed Groundwater Use Measurement**

This Section outlines two methodologies for measuring or estimating groundwater extraction by each owner: (1) information provided from flowmeters which have been connected to the relevant well or extraction facility continuously for the preceding period or (2) evapotranspiration information obtained via satellite technology. Subject to Section 3.05 below, and except as otherwise provided in this Section, each owner shall have the option to select the methodology used for measuring or estimating the owner's groundwater extraction unless the owner is diverting groundwater and surface water which in such event, owner may only utilize the methodology outlined for evapotranspiration.

If the owner does not (1) communicate an election to use flowmeters to the PID GSA by October 1 of each water year; and (2) provide all relevant information needed for the PID GSA to verify measurements from each flowmeter 30 days from the end of the prior month, then the PID GSA will default to utilize the evapotranspiration data to determine groundwater consumption for that period. If the owner desires to change his or her election after October 1, he or she may do so by presenting such request to the General Manager who then shall present for approval to the Board of Directors. And owner may only opt to change his or her election once annually.

### **(a) Criteria for Using Meters**

If the owner selects using a meter on a well to report groundwater use, the following criteria and information shall be provided to the PID GSA:

- i. Manufacturer and Model of flowmeter;
- ii. Date Flow Meter Installed;
- iii. Diameter of Pipe and Size of Flow Meter;
- iv. Identification of who installed flowmeter and calibrated flowmeter per manufacturer specifications;
- v. Inspection records will be required to submit to PID GSA per schedule outlined in the manufacturer specifications.
- vi. Pictures to identify flowmeter installed correctly (e.g. adequate straight pipe sections before and after the flowmeter);
- vii. Type of crop, age of crop (if perennial), single/double/triple crop (if annual), irrigation methodology (e.g. flood, drip, sprinkler) for the irrigated acres serviced by the water from the flow meter; and
- viii. If multiple flowmeters on a farm, a map identifying the locations of the various flowmeters and lands serviced collectively by these flowmeters.

Additionally, the owner of the flowmeter will allow access to staff from the PID GSA to physically inspect the flowmeter, if needed.

For each month following an election under this subsection, the owner shall report to the PID GSA, no later than 30 days following the last day of the month, the quantity of groundwater extracted at each parcel for which the election is made, as measured by the flowmeter(s). Failure to timely report the quantity of groundwater extraction to the PID GSA, in accordance with this section, for any parcel to which the election applies for any month shall be deemed a withdrawal of the election as to those parcels for those months, in which case groundwater extraction shall be measured for those parcels for those months in accordance with the evapotranspiration method described in subsection (b) below.

### **(b) Criteria for Using Evapotranspiration Method**

Groundwater extraction shall be measured according to the evapotranspiration method described in this subsection for any parcels to which a valid election under subsection (a) above has not been made, or for which that election is deemed withdrawn in accordance with subsection (a).

Crop evapotranspiration (ET) is estimated using remote sensing data from LandsAT satellites. The satellite data is entered into a model, which is used to estimate the ET rate and ET spatial distribution of an area in any given time period. When appropriately calibrated to land-based ET and/or climate stations and validated with crop surveys, the satellite-based model provides an estimate of crop ET (i.e. consumptive use).

## **Article III. Groundwater Accounting/Data Management System**

### **Section 3.01 Authority**

Division 6 Conservation, Development and Utilization of State Water Resources Part 2.74, Chapter 5, Section 10726.4, expressly authorizes a groundwater sustainability agency to establish accounting rules to allow unused groundwater extraction allocations to be carried over and transferred.

### **Section 3.02 Online Water Accounting Database**

The PID GSA shall establish an online database for owners to account for total water use within the PID GSA. Owners may allow operators access and control of their account(s).

### **Section 3.03 Meter Measurement Categories of Water**

The online databased described in Section 3.02 shall account for water through the following five categories:

- a) Direct Diversions of Surface Water. As described in Section 3.05, an owner's account may be credited or debited with surface water.
- b) Native Sustainable Yield Allocation. As described in Section 4.03(a) below, Native Sustainable Yield may be credited to an owner's account. Transfers of Native Sustainable Yield, as described in Section 4.03(c)(i)(2) below may be debited from an owner's account.
- c) Groundwater Credits. As described in Section 4.03(c)(i)(1) below, an owner's account may be credited or debited with groundwater credits.
- d) Surface Water Recharge Credits and Debits. As described in 3.07, an owner's account may be credited or debited with groundwater recharge or banking activities. Transfers will be recognized by the GSA when authorized by the applicable surface water entity.
- e) Recycled Water. An Owner's account may be credited or debited with recycled water. Prior to a debit or credit proper documentation must be provided and approved by PID GSA staff.

### **Section 3.04 Evapotranspiration Categories of Water**

The online database described in Section 3.02 shall account for water through the following six categories:

- a) Precipitation. As described in Section 4.03(b) below, Precipitation may be credited to an Owner's account.
- b) Direct Diversions of Surface Water. As described in Section 3.06, an owner's account may be credited or debited with surface water.

- c) Native Sustainable Yield Allocation. As described in Section 4.03(b) below, Native Sustainable Yield may be credited to an owner's account. Transfers of Native Sustainable Yield, as described in Section 4.03(c)(i)(2) below may be debited from an owner's account.
- d) Groundwater Credits. As described in Section 4.03(c)(i) below, an owner's account may be credited or debited with groundwater credits.
- e) Surface Water Recharge Credits and Debits. As described in 3.07, an owner's account may be credited or debited with groundwater recharge or banking activities. Transfers will be recognized by the GSA when authorized by the applicable surface water entity.
- f) Recycled Water. An Owner's account may be credited or debited with recycled water. Prior to a debit or credit proper documentation must be provided and approved by PID GSA staff.

### **Section 3.04 Priority of Use**

Each owner with multiple categories of credits under these rules and regulations shall have the power to elect which of such credits are to be prioritized to be debited or transferred in connection with such consumption, except for Precipitation. Owners may elect to modify the default priorities, which shall be completed no later than thirty (30) days prior to the end of each quarter. If the owner or operator does not elect the priority of allocations to be debited, the default priority will follow in order of Section 3.03 (a)-(e).

### **Section 3.05 Net Groundwater Consumptive Use Reporting and Debiting**

#### **(a) Amount of New Groundwater Consumptive Use**

The amount of net groundwater consumptive use will be calculated monthly, within 30 days of the end of the prior month, using either Meter Measurement in Section 2.02 or Evapotranspiration Measurement as described in Section 2.03. If a landowner does not elect to use the Meter Measurement requirement in Section 2.02 within 30 days of the start of the water year, then the method used will be evapotranspiration as described in Section 2.03.

In the event that a watercourse, including but not limited to canals, ditches, or riparian areas, is located within the boundaries of a parcel, the area of such watercourse shall not be evaluated for any consumed use of groundwater.

#### **(b) Appeal Process**

Within thirty (30) days of notification of the net consumed groundwater use, any owner may protest the amount or the method. The written protest must be submitted to the General Manager at the PID GSA's Main Office.

The General Manager shall investigate matters related to the protest, may consult with the PID GSA Technical Group, and may present any relevant information, along with any recommendation, to the Board within sixty (60) days of receipt of the protest. The Board shall act on the written protest and supporting documentation within sixty (60) days of receipt of all relevant information, including the possibility of authorizing a separate methodology not identified in these Rules and Regulations.

### **Section 3.06 Surface Water Reporting**

Any owner within the PID GSA which utilizes surface water shall cause to be reported from the applicable surface water entity, the diversion of surface water to direct irrigation.

### **Section 3.07 Groundwater Recharge and Banking Reporting**

An owner within the PID GSA which is performing recharge or groundwater banking activities shall report, or cause to be reported, the diversion of surface water to underground storage to the PID GSA. Prior to crediting or debiting the owner's account, the PID GSA shall ensure the request is consistent with any applicable groundwater banking or recharge policy, including but not limited to, Article VI. The PID GSA acknowledges that several special districts, organized and existing under the laws of the State of California for the purpose of facilitating the beneficial use of the waters of the State, operate within PID GSA's boundaries. Several such districts have adopted and implemented groundwater banking and recharge policies in order to facilitate the underground storage and beneficial use of surface water. PID GSA shall honor the groundwater banking and recharge policies of all such entities within its jurisdictional boundaries.

## **Article IV. Allocation of Water**

### **Section 4.01 Purpose**

Consistent with Division 6 Conservation, Development and Utilization of State Water Resources Part 2.74, Chapter 5, Section 10726, the purpose of this Article is to provide for the sustainable management of groundwater within the PID GSA jurisdictional area and Tule Subbasin, and to fulfill the legislative goals and policies of SGMA. Nothing in this Article shall be used to determine or alter water rights. Division 6 Conservation, Development and Utilization of State Water Resources Part 2.74, Chapter 5. Section 10726.4 provides in part a Groundwater Sustainability Agency has authority to control groundwater extractions by regulating, limiting or suspending extractions.

### **Section 4.02 Determination of Allocations**

Each year by October 1, or as soon as reasonably practical, the General Manager shall determine the allocations available for use within the PID GSA based on PID GSA Technical Group's data and calculations regarding whether the PID GSA GSP's Minimum Thresholds or Measurable Objectives require allocation adjustments. In providing such data and calculations to the General Manager, the PID GSA Technical Group shall use the methodologies and calculations defined in this Article 4.

## **Section 4.03 Sustainable Yield Allocation**

### **(a) Groundwater Extraction Sustainable Yield Allocation**

For Owner's electing to use Meter Measurement for purposes of measuring groundwater use as described in Section 2.02 above, each year, the General Manager shall establish a Groundwater Extraction Sustainable Yield allocation for each agricultural assessor's parcel within the PID GSA. The allocation for each owner shall be calculated as follows and shall be titled "Native Sustainable Yield":

1. Sustainable Yield for the Tule Subbasin shall be calculated using the groundwater extraction methodology as agreed upon in the Tule Subbasin Coordination Agreement, incorporated herein by reference. The Tule Subbasin Sustainable Yield estimate will be developed using a calibrated groundwater flow model of the Tule Subbasin.\* As agreed upon in the Coordination Agreement, the Groundwater Extraction Sustainable Yield Allocation shall include in the return flow from precipitation.

*\*As additional data becomes available and as projects, monitoring, and management actions are implemented, the groundwater flow model used to estimate the Sustainable Yield of the Tule Subbasin will be updated and the Native Sustainable Yield may be adjusted to reflect the new data. Additionally, the allocation of the total available Sustainable Yield according to gross assessor parcel acreage may be revised as the PID GSA develops additional historical use data and allocation methodologies beyond gross acreage.*

### **(b) Evapotranspiration Sustainable Yield Allocation**

For Owner's electing to use the Evapotranspiration Measurement for purposes of measuring groundwater use as described in Section 2.03 above, each year, the General Manager shall establish a Sustainable Yield allocation for each agricultural assessor's parcel within the PID GSA. The allocation for each owner shall be calculated as follows:

1. Sustainable Yield for the Tule Subbasin shall first be calculated using methodologies as agreed upon in the Tule Subbasin Coordination Agreement, incorporated herein by reference. As described therein, the Tule Subbasin Sustainable Yield estimate will be developed using a calibrated groundwater flow model of the Tule Subbasin.\*

Sustainable Yield allocated to the PID GSA shall be comprised of the following two components:

- (A) Native Sustainable Yield is calculated as the long-term average natural channel loss water within the Tule River, Porter Slough, Deer Creek, and White River channels and the calculated underflow from the Sierra Nevada Mountains. The volume is determined by utilizing the data provided in the Tule Subbasin Water Budget within the Tule Subbasin Setting attached to the Coordination Agreement. The PID GSA will determine its portion of the Tule Subbasin Native Sustainable Yield by multiplying the GSA's proportionate acreage of the Tule Subbasin multiplied by the total Native Sustainable Yield of the Tule

Subbasin.

- (B) Total Precipitation is calculated as the long-term average total precipitation for the entire PID GSA jurisdictional area. The long-term average is based on precipitation data collected from calibrated weather stations within and adjacent to the PID GSA, interpolated to lands within PID GSA. Each year the Total Precipitation long term average is updated with prior year actual total precipitation measured.
2. The PID GSA's total available Sustainable Yield shall be the sum of the PID GSA's portion of the Tule Subbasin Native Sustainable Yield and total precipitation within the PID GSA.
  3. Each parcel within the PID GSA will receive allocations in the amount equal to the gross assessor parcel acreage multiplied by the per acre allocation established in Section 4.03(a)(2).

*\*As additional data becomes available and as projects, monitoring, and management actions are implemented, the groundwater flow model used to estimate the Sustainable Yield of the Tule Subbasin will be updated and the Native Sustainable Yield may be adjusted to reflect the new data. Additionally, the allocation of the total available Sustainable Yield according to gross assessor parcel acreage may be revised as the PID GSA develops additional historical use data and allocation methodologies beyond gross acreage.*

### **(c) Carryover and Transfers**

#### *(i) Sustainable Yield Allocation*

##### *a. Carryover of Sustainable Yield*

If an owner uses less than his or her total Native Sustainable Yield allocation in a given year, the difference between the allocation amount for that year and the amount of groundwater used and/or transferred for that year shall be carried over to the next year. Portions of Native Sustainable Yield allocation successfully carried over from the previous year shall be credited to the owner's account as groundwater credits.

If the carryover amount for the year in question continues to remain unused as a groundwater credit, it may be carried over on a five-year rolling basis. The impact of the total quantity of water used in any five-year period shall be consistent with the provisions of the PID GSA GSP.

An Owner is not allowed to carryover Total Precipitation.

*Example:*

*Native Sustainable Yield (NSY) Allocation*

*Water Year 2021*

*Unused portion of 2021 NSY allocation → groundwater credit → may be carried over until the end of Water Year 2026.*

*Water Year 2022*

*Unused portion of 2022 NSY allocation → groundwater credit → may be carried over until the end of Water Year 2027.*

*b. Transfer of Sustainable Yield*

An owner may transfer all or a portion of the Native Sustainable Yield component of his or her Sustainable Yield allocation at any time, provided that the transfer satisfies conditions 1 through 4. Transferred Native Sustainable Yield shall be credited to the transferee's account as groundwater credits.

1. The proposed transferee will put the allocation to use within the Tule Subbasin;
2. If outside the PID GSA boundaries, the proposed transferee will put the allocation to use within the boundaries of a groundwater sustainability agency which permits the transfer of its own groundwater allocations to water users within the PID GSA;
3. The transfer agreement is memorialized in writing, using a form provided by the PID GSA; and
4. Both the PID GSA and the groundwater sustainability agency of the transferee are informed of the parties to the transfer and the quantity transferred.

The PID GSA Technical Advisory Group shall establish an annual limitation on the total amount of allowable allocations outside the PID GSA boundaries based on water year. Requests for transfers shall be received beginning on October 1. Transfers shall be accepted on a first come, first serve basis.

Groundwater credits derived from the transfer of Native Sustainable Yield may be carried over for five years.

An Owner is not allowed to transfer Total Precipitation.

No action shall occur on any proposed transfer unless all past due assessments, interest and penalties owed to the PID GSA by either transferee or transferor have been paid prior to the date that the proposed transfer is submitted to the General Manager.

*Example:*

*Native Sustainable Yield (NSY) Transfer*

*Water Year 2021*

*Unused portion of 2021 NSY allocation transferred to a separate Owner on October 1, 2023 → groundwater credit → may be carried over until the end over Water Year 2028.*

**(d) Community Lands**

Lands designated as Community served lands by the PID GSA within the Greater Tule Management Area shall be managed pursuant to the Community Management Areas pursuant to Section 4.06.

**(e) Opt-Out**

An owner who has received a Sustainable Yield Allocation pursuant to Section 4.03(a) of these Rules and Regulations and who is in good standing with the PID GSA may elect to opt out of the PID GSA Rules and Regulations for the subsequent water year by submitting a request to the PID GSA no later than September 1. Should the owner wish to participate in the future, at that time, all current assessments, fees, interest, and penalties will be paid prior to participation. An owner is not allocated any water during the period in which he or she has chosen to opt out and will not be allocated any prior year's allocation upon choosing to opt in.

**(f) Watercourse(s)**

In the event that a watercourse, including but not limited to canals, ditches, or riparian areas, is located within the boundaries of a parcel, the area of such watercourse shall not receive any allocation of groundwater.

**(g) Enforcement**

The following actions shall occur if an Owner is in violation of this Section.

For each acre-foot extracted in violation of the restrictions set forth herein, the Owner shall be liable for the maximum penalty rate allowed pursuant to SGMA.

The quantity of water extracted in violation of the restrictions set forth herein shall be deducted from the Owner's allocation account the following year(s). If the Owner's penalty allocation account is depleted, further enforcement actions may be taken by the PID GSA.

An Owner shall not be entitled to utilize any existing allocations while the Owner is out of compliance with this Section. All water extracted while the Owner is out of compliance will result in the imposition of maximum penalties for such consumption.

**Section 4.05 Land Subsidence Management Area**

**(a) Purpose**

The Board intends to approve a Land Subsidence Management Plan within a defined area along the Friant Kern Canal. The current boundaries of the Land Subsidence Management Area are attached hereto as Exhibit A.

**(b) Meters**

Any wells within the boundary of the Land Subsidence Management Area will require a meter and reporting of the data monthly to the PID GSA staff.

Meters must comply with requirements stated in Section 2.02(a). Owners may request waivers from the metering requirement. Such waiver(s) may be approved if any of the following conditions apply:

- a. The applicable well is used solely for domestic needs; or
- b. Owner’s household income is less than twice the federal poverty level (for a family of four in 2023, household income is less than \$60,000 per year); or
- c. Owner is enrolled in a qualified public assistance program; or
- d. Owner represents a public water system serving water for domestic use; or
- e. Owner provides sufficient documentation that the applicable well is pumping at a depth less than 600 feet below ground.

Owners may appeal to the Board of Directors any denied waiver as provided in Section 4.07.

**(c) Management Actions**

*To be determined*

**(d) Enforcement**

The following actions shall occur if an Owner is in violation of this Section. For each acre-foot extracted in violation of the restrictions set forth herein, the Owner shall be liable for the maximum penalty rate allowed pursuant to SGMA. An Owner shall not be entitled to utilize any existing allocations while the Owner is out of compliance with this Section. All water consumed while the Owner is out of compliance will result in the imposition of additional penalties.

**Section 4.06 Community Management Areas**

*(a) To be determined*

**Section 4.07 Appeal Process**

**(a) Notification of Allocations and Extraction Limits**

The General Manager shall provide written notice to each owner and if requested, the operator, of the groundwater allocations described in this Article 4.

**(b) Protest of Allocations and Extraction Limits**

Within thirty (30) days of the date identified in the written notification described in Section 4.07(a), an owner may protest the extraction allocations and extraction limits identified in the notification. The written protest must be submitted to the General Manager at the PID GSA's Main Office.

The General Manager shall investigate matters related to the protest, may consult with the PID GSA Technical group, and may present any relevant information, along with any recommendation, to the Board within sixty (60) days of receipt of the protest. The Board shall act on the written appeal and supporting documentation within 120 days of receipt of the recommendation and information provided by the General Manager.

#### **Section 4.08 Emergency Ordinances**

Nothing in this Article shall prevent the PID GSA, in the event of an emergency, from enacting emergency regulations or ordinances

### **Article V. Fees & Penalties**

#### **Section 5.01 Penalties**

##### **(a) Penalty for Excess Use**

If any owner within the PID GSA exceeds his or her Sustainable Yield allocation, he or she shall be liable for penalties as follows: (1) liability rate in an amount to be determined annually by the Board, for each acre-foot extracted.

##### **(b) SGMA Penalties**

Any owner, operator or other person who violates the provisions of these rules and regulations is subject to the criminal and civil sanctions set forth in SGMA.

##### **(c) Civil Remedies**

Upon the failure of any person to comply with any provision of these rules and regulations, the PID GSA may petition the Superior Court for a temporary restraining order, preliminary or permanent injunction, or such other equitable relief as may be appropriate. The right to petition for injunctive relief is an additional right to those, which may be provided elsewhere in these rules and regulations or otherwise allowed by law. The PID GSA may petition the Superior Court to recover any sums due to the PID GSA.

#### **Section 5.02 Groundwater Extraction Fees**

The Board may propose fees, including groundwater extraction fees, consistent with Division 6 Conservation, Development and Utilization of State Water Resources Part 2.74, Chapter 5, Section Sections 10730 through 10730.6, and the California Constitution. The owner shall pay to the PID

GSA all Groundwater Extraction Fees within 30 days of the date of any invoice submitted by the PID GSA.

De Minimis Extractors. No extraction fees shall be charged to any de minimis extractor.

### **Section 5.03 Real Property Assessments**

The Board may propose land-based assessments consistent with Division 6 Conservation, Development and Utilization of State Water Resources Part 2.74, Chapter 5, Section 10730, and the California Constitution. The owner shall pay to the PID GSA all assessments within 30 days of the date of any invoice submitted by the PID GSA.

### **Section 5.04 Notification and Appeal of Penalties**

#### **(a) Protest of Penalty Determination**

Within 30 days of the date identified in any invoice submitted by the PID GSA an owner may appeal a penalty determination in writing. Owner must still submit payment within thirty (30) days of the invoice. The written appeal must be submitted to the General Manager, at the PID GSA's Main Office.

The General Manager shall investigate matters related to the appeal, and may present any relevant information, along with any recommendation, to the Board within sixty (60) days of receipt of the appeal. The Board shall act upon the written appeal and supporting documentation within 120 days of receipt of all relevant information.

[end of document]